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关于几个叶肢介化石属名的注解

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关键词 叶肢介化石 属名注解

Bean(1836)在上个世纪曾描述过英国约克郡北部斯卡伯勒附近格里斯托普湾(Gristhorpe Bay)中侏罗统巴柔阶(相当 E.(O.) sauzei 带)克洛顿组(Cloughton Formation)格里斯托普层 的一些化石,包括双壳类 Unio distortus Bean, 介形类 Cypris concentrica Bean 和 Cypris arcuata Bean (Cypris Müller, 1776)。嗣后不久, Jones (1862) 认为 C. concentrica 是一 个叶肢介化石并将这个种归人了 Estheria Rüppell, 1837。本世纪 50 年代, 苏联学者诺沃日 洛夫 (Novozhilov, 1954) 进而以它为模式种建立了 Trigonestheria 属, 但却没有观察模式 标本。Cypris concentrica 的模式标本最初是共型(syntype), 附有 Bean 手写的标签 Cypris concentrica Bean mihi, 与发表文章时的插图相附。Cox 和 Arkell(1948)曾经为这个种指定 过一个后选型模式标本 (lectotype, 英国自然历史博物馆馆藏号 L. 66310),但它是一个双壳 类化石,属于 Protomiodon (现称 Neomiodon)属级分类单元(Cox and Arkell, 1948.; Morris, 1980)。因此, Trigonestheria是Neomiodon Fischer, 1887 的次主观同物异名(junior subjective synonym),应该给狭义的 "Trigonestheria" 属内的其余种另起一个属名,这里建议使用 Shenestheria gen. nov. 一名,其模式种是 T. (Trigonetheria) perennis Novozhilov, 1954, 亚属名与属名相同。原来在"Trigonetheria"属内的其它 3 个亚属的定义仍保持不变,但改 归入新提议的属名之下,它们是 Shenestheria (Trigonestheria),S. (Rossoestheria) 和 S. (Indoestheria)o

W.Bock 在1953年1月发表了Howellites 叶肢介新属后随即被H.B. Whittington 教授 指出它是 Howellites Bancroft, 1945 的次异物同名 (junior homonym),W. Bock 在同年 9 月为它公布了1个新的替代属名 Howellisaura,以符合分类命名法则。但他在1953年1月发 表 Howellites 的同时还创立了另 1 个属名 Estheriellites, 小林贞一(Kobayashi, 1954)认为 这两个都是 Euestheria Deperet et Mazeran, 1912 的后同物异名, P. Tasch (1969)在编写 "古无脊椎动物学专论"鳃足类部分时也认为 Howellisaura(即 Howellites Bock) 和 Estheriellites 是 Cyzicus (Euestheria)的次同物异名。后来,沈炎彬(张文堂等, 1976)又重新启用 了 Howellites Bock 一名,大概是没有注意到原创立人 1953 年 9 月的更正声明,也没有提及 Estheriellites, 但 9年之后陈丕基和沈炎彬 (1985, p. 124) 指出 Howellites Bock, 1953 和 Estheriellites Bock, 1953 是主观同物异名,却仍把前者做为一个有效的属名继续使用。如果 古生物学家们都认为这两个属是同物异名的话,那么,1953年 1 月发表的 Estheriellites Bock 一名就应该比同年 9 月宣布的 Howellisaura Bock (=Howellites Bock, 1953; non HoweIlites Bancroft, 1945) 具有优先律,其模式种是 Estheriella ellipsoidea Bock, 1946。

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中国古生物学会 甲壳类学科组产生第二届领导小组成员

甲壳类学科组经会员无记名通讯选举,于 1992年 4 月 4 日产生了新一届领导小组成员。7 名候选人:王五力、王思恩、毕德昌、陈丕基、沈炎彬、张俊峰、舒德干均获半数以上选票当选。 当选理事又通过无记名通讯、选举方式,推选陈丕基研究员任组长,王思恩副研究员任副组长,沈炎彬副研究员任秘书。

学科组第一任组长张文堂研究员,多次表示希望由较年轻的同志来负责组织学术交流活动。 搞得活跃 些。他十分关心学科的发展,一直起着带头、指导作用。大家一致推举他为学科组名誉理事。

学科组将继续办好会员通讯。初定在明年全国古生物学会学术年会期间,举行学科组的学术交流活动, 商讨今后活动的安排。希望各会员积极提出建议,以便更好地推动学科的发展。

(沈炎彬供稿)

NOTES ON SOME CONCHOSTRACAN NOMENCLATURE

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Key words: conchostracan, nomenclature

Summary

Bean (1836, p. 376) described some specimens from the horizon now known as the Gristhorpe Beds of the Cloughton Formation, Middle Jurassic, Bajocian (thought to be the E. (O.) sauzei zone) from the Gristhorpe Bay near Scarborough, North Yorkshire, United Kingdom. The specimens include the mollusc Unio distortus Bean and two ostracod species, Cypris concentrica Bean and Cypris arcuata Bean (Cypris Müller, 1776). Jones (1862, p. 101) believed that C. concentrica was a conchostracan and transferred the species to Estheria Rüppell, 1837. On the basis of Jones' assignment, Novozhilov (1954) nominated C. concentrica as the type species of this new genus Trigonestheria apparently without looking at the type material. The lectotype specimen (BMNH, L. 66310) of Cypris concentrica (selected by Cox and Arkell, 1948, p. 30) is a mollusc. It is probably a syntype and even may be the original specimen Bean figured with his handwritten label stating Cypris concentrica Bean mihi. The species was assigned to Protomiodon (now Neomiodon) by Cox and Arkell (1948, p. 30), and Morris (1980, p. 38). Thus Trigonestheria is a junior subjective synonym of Neomiodon Fischer, 1887. A new generic name is therefore required for the other species originally included in 'Trigonestheria s.s., T. (T.) perennis Novozhilov, 1954, and so Shenestheria gen. nov. is proposed herein, with Trigonestheria (Trigonestheria) perennis Novozhilov, 1954 as the type species. Only the nominal subgenus is affected by this nomenclatorial act; the concepts of the other subgenera of 'Trigonestheria' remain unchanged, but they now become Shenestheria (Trigonorossiaia), S. (Rossoestheria) and S. (Indoestheria).

Howellites Bock, January 1953 is a junior homonym of Howellites Bancroft, 1945. Prof. H.B. Whittington pointed out the homonym to Bock who published the replacement name of Howellisaura Bock, September 1953. This satisfied the then state of nomenclatural taxonomy. However, Bock (1953a) published another nominal genus Estheriellites Bock at the same time as the nominal genus Howellites. Kobayashi (1954, p. 131) synonymized both Howellites Bock and Etheriellites Bock with Euestheria Deperet et Mazeran, 1912. In compiling the Branchiopoda portion of the Treatise on Invertebrate Paleontology, Tasch (1969, R131) synonymized both Howellisaura (and therefore also Howellites Bock by inference) and Estheriellites with the older name Cyzicus (Euestheria). Subsequently, Shen (in Chang et al., 1976, p. 195) resurrected the nominal genus Howellites Bock, being presumably unaware of Bock's (Sept. 1953) replacement name. Shen made no mention of Estheriellites in this publication, but later Chen and Shen (1985, p. 124) pointed out the subjective synonymy of Howellites Bock with Estheriellites and treated Howellites Bock as the senior name. If these two nominal genera should be considered as synonyms, then Estheriellites Bock, Jan. 1953 must be the senior name over the replacement name of Howellisaura Bock, Sept. 1953 (=Howellites Bock, Jan. 1953, non Howellites Bancroft, 1954). The type species of Estheriellites is Estheriella ellipsoidea Bock, 1946 by original designation.